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2	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT TACOMA	
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5	SUSAN MILTON,	CASE NO. C15-5618 BHS
6	Plaintiff,	ORDER DENYING PLAINTIFF'S
7	v.	MOTION FOR LEAVE TO AMEND COMPLAINT
8	XEROX CORPORATION,	WITHOUT PREJUDICE
9	Defendant.	
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11	This matter comes before the Court on Plaintiff Susan Milton's ("Milton") motion	
12	for leave to amend complaint (Dkt. 9). The Court has considered the pleadings filed in	
13	support of and in opposition to the motion and the remainder of the file and hereby denies	
14	the motion without prejudice for the reasons stated herein.	
	I. PROCEDURAL AND FACTUAL BACKGROUND	
15	On August 6, 2015, Milton filed suit against Defendant Xerox Corporation	
16	("Xerox") in Thurston County Superior Court. Dkt. 1-2 at 4. Milton alleges that her car	
17	was struck from behind by a Xerox van on December 6, 2013. <i>Id.</i> at 5. Milton further	
18	asserts that the van was driven by a Xerox employee, who admitted fault for causing the	
19	collision. <i>Id.</i> Although Milton has requested a copy of the police report and propounded	
20	an interrogatory on Xerox, Milton still does not know the driver's identity. Dkt. 9 at 1–2.	
21	and interest of the same does no	Time are arriver a recently. Disc. 7 at 1 2.
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1 On August 31, 2015, Xerox removed the suit to this Court on the basis of diversity jurisdiction. Dkt. 1. According to Xerox's notice of removal, Milton is a citizen of Washington and Xerox is a citizen of New York and Connecticut. *Id.* at 2. On September 28, 2015, Milton moved for leave to amend her complaint. Dkt. 9. On October 9, 2015, Xerox responded. Dkt. 10. On October 15, 2015, Milton replied. Dkt. 12. II. DISCUSSION Milton requests leave to add "Jane Doe, the driver of the van" as a defendant. Dkt. 9. In her proposed amended complaint, Milton alleges that Jane Doe is believed to be a resident of Washington State. Dkt. 9-2 at 1. Xerox opposes the motion, arguing that Milton seeks to destroy diversity jurisdiction by adding Jane Doe as a defendant. Dkt. 10. At this stage in the litigation, the Court finds that Milton's motion is premature. Generally, the use of John or Jane Doe to identify a defendant is not favored in federal court. Gillespie v. Civiletti, 629 F.2d 637, 642 (9th Cir. 1980). Although Milton has

taken some steps to identify the driver of the Xerox van, the driver's identity could be easily ascertained through further discovery. Indeed, the federal rules provide for liberal discovery. See Seattle Times, Co. v. Rhinehart, 467 U.S. 20, 34 (1984). Under Rule 26, a party "may obtain discovery regarding any nonprivileged matter that is relevant to any party's claim or defense." Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(b)(1). Information is "relevant" if it is "reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence." *Id.* If Xerox resists discovery of the driver's identity, Milton may bring a motion to compel. Xerox

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1	will bear a "heavy burden" of demonstrating why such discovery should be denied.	
2	Blankenship v. Hearst Corp., 519 F.2d 418, 429 (9th Cir. 1975).	
3	Upon learning of the driver's identity, Milton may seek leave to add the driver as a	
4	named defendant. If the driver's joinder would destroy subject matter jurisdiction, the	
5	Court will then determine whether joinder should be denied under 28 U.S.C. § 1447(e).	
6	See Newcombe v. Adolf Coors Co., 157 F.3d 686, 691 (9th Cir. 1998). The Court	
7	recognizes that the addition of the driver as a defendant could be a tactic to defeat	
8	diversity jurisdiction. At this time, however, the driver's identity and citizenship is	
9	unknown. See Kanter v. Warner-Lambert Co., 265 F.3d 854, 857 (9th Cir. 2001) ("A	
10	person residing in a given state is not necessarily domiciled there, and thus is not	
11	necessarily a citizen of that state.").	
12	For these reasons, the Court denies Milton's motion for leave to amend her	
13	complaint. This denial is without prejudice, as Milton may seek leave to add the driver as	
14	a defendant after the driver's identity has been ascertained through further discovery.	
15	III. ORDER	
16	Therefore, it is hereby ORDERED that Milton's motion for leave to amend	
17	complaint (Dkt. 9) is DENIED without prejudice .	
18	Dated this 17th day of November, 2015.	
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	REWINDER SETTLE	
21	BENJAMIN H. SETTLE United States District Judge	